

ABSTRACT

The final project entitled sorting and grading cow's wet blue leather for suede articles in UD Mitra Kita Leather aims to find out the differences in the results of sorting and grading in companies with SNI and to find out the changes from wet blue to suede skin. The material used was 210 side leather wetblue skins in 2 pallets with a total area of 3000 sqft. The method used is the method of observation, interview method and direct work practice at UD. Mitra Kita Leather. The results show that when the wet blue skin comes with quality B, C, D and E, there are 210 sides by dividing the quality of B = 21 sides, C = 98 sides, D = 49 sides, and E = 42 sides and the skin will be processed with B and C qualities, so that the quality of suede leather is obtained with the number being B = 14 side C = 88 sides D = 65 side, E = 41 side and R = 2 side and the skin will be processed with quality B and C, so that the quality of the suede leather becomes A, B, C, and D. the same when processed into suede leather but has increased the percentage. So it can be concluded that the sorting and grading of suede leather in the company has met SNI No. 06-3535-1994 and when processed into suede leather, the quality is the same so that it is in accordance with customer standards.

Keywords: Sorting and grading, Leather quality, Wet blue, Suede